

SAFETY DATA SHEET 132/Q265 - FLOORPACK - HARDENER

SECTION 1: Identification of th	ne substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	132/Q265 - FLOORPACK - HARDENER
Product number	132/Q265/1 - HARDENER
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	HARDENER FOR TWO COMPONENT Crack and hole filler
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet
Supplier	
	COO-VAR
	Lockwood Street
	Hull
	HU2 0HN
	+44 (0) 1482 328053(T)
	+44 (0) 1482 219266(F)
	info@coo-var.co.uk
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above
1.4. Emergency telephone nun	nber
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 328053 (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	ation
2.1. Classification of the substa	ance or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Xi;R36/38. R43.
Human health	The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Physicochemical	When handled correctly, undamaged units represent no danger.
2.2. Label elements	
Pictogram	
$\langle \cdot \rangle$	

Signal word

132/Q265 - FLOORPACK - HARDENER

Hazard statements	H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P313 Get medical advice/ attention. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to
Contains	ISOPHORONEDIAMINE
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337 If eye irritation persists: P362 Take off contaminated clothing. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information	tion on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures		
Silica sand fine		60-100%
CAS number: —		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-	
BENZYL ALCOHOL		1-5%
CAS number: 100-51-6	EC number: 202-859-9	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	Xn;R20/22	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
ISOPHORONEDIAMINE		1-5%
CAS number: 2855-13-2	EC number: 220-666-8	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	C;R34 Xn;R21/22 R43 R52/53	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

Black iron oxide	<1%	
CAS number: 1317-61-9		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-	
The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.		
SECTION 4: First aid mea	asures	
4.1. Description of first aid	Imeasures	
General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Consult a physician for specific advice.	
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Never	

	give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Do not induce vomiting.
Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician for specific advice. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

 Eye contact
 Contaminated leather should be discarded. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

 Eye contact
 Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	Get medical attention	promptly if symptoms	occur after washing.
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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Extinguish with the following
	media: Water spray, fog or mist. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Non flammable at room
	temperature, but will burn.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Toxic gases or vapours. Fire creates: Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid smoke or fumes. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx).
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas. Wear butyl rubber protective clothing and boots. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Exclude non-essential personnel. Open enclosed spaces to outside atmosphere.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Place in metal containers for recovery or disposal. or Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Large Spillages: Recover spilled material with a vacuum truck.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Spraying increases the risk of hazardous exposure. In atmospheres where the material is sprayed, workers should avoid contact with aerosols or mists containing these resins through engineering controls, such as exhaust ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Wear goggles and face shield. DO NOT GET IN EYES. Other individuals working in the vacinity of the product where exposure can occur should be fitted with chemical splash goggles. Contaminated clothing should be properly laundered or disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional exposure. Workers should be strongly encouragedto follow good hygiene practices, such as thorough washing fo hands, arms, neck and face. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. For products sold by weight refer to the guide net weight indicated on the container. Allowance will have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.
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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Protect from light. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Acids. Alkalis.
Storage class	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Silica sand fine

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL0.4 mg/m3 resp.dustShort-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL0.4 mg/m3 resp.dust

Black iron oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m3 resp.dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m3 total dust WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Personal protection	Unprotected persons should be kept away from treated areas.
Eye/face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles. The following protection should be worn: Full face visor or shield. Other individuals working in the vacinity of the product where exposure could occur should aso be fitted with chemical splash goggles. Workers should not contact their eyes or skin with hands contaminated with the material.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination. Wear chemical protective suit.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
Respiratory protection	When spraying, wear a suitable supplied-air respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Granules. Coloured paste.
Colour	Black. Grey.
Odour	Sweetish.
Initial boiling point and range	>150°C @ 760 mm Hg
Vapour pressure	<0.1 mbar @ °C
Relative density	2.22 @ @ 25 C°C
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water
Auto-ignition temperature	>200°C

Viscosity	400 mPas @ 25 C°C	
9.2. Other information		
Volatility	0	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 0 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not available. No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Not relevant.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents. Organic peroxides/hydroperoxides. Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.	
•	other toxic gases or vapours.	
products	other toxic gases or vapours.	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in	other toxic gases or vapours.	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation.	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Inhalation	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes burns.	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact Acute and chronic health	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes burns. Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes. The product contains an epoxy resin. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Central nervous system depression. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Over exposure, especially during spraying without the necessary precautions, entails risk of concentration- dependant irritating	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact Acute and chronic health hazards	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes burns. Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes. The product contains an epoxy resin. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Central nervous system depression. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Over exposure, especially during spraying without the necessary precautions, entails risk of concentration- dependant irritating effects on eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract.	
products SECTION 11: Toxicological in 11.1. Information on toxicolog Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact Acute and chronic health hazards Route of entry	other toxic gases or vapours. formation ical effects No significant hazard at normal ambient temperatures. Heating may generate the following products: Corrosive gases or vapours. Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes burns. Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes. The product contains an epoxy resin. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Central nervous system depression. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Over exposure, especially during spraying without the necessary precautions, entails risk of concentration- dependant irritating effects on eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract. Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.	

SECTION 12: Ecological Inform	nation
Ecotoxicity	The product contains a substance which may cause long term adverse effects in the environment.
12.1. Toxicity	
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
Persistence and degradability	No data available.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	Not considered mobile.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	Not available.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	\$
General information	DO NOT reuse containers containing residual product without commercial cleaning When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. May be incinerated in a suitable facility provided local regulations are observed.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Waste material and any included combustible absorbent and containers should be suitable for incineration at an approved facility.
Waste class	Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging). Wear protective clothing during disposal operations. If disposal is by waste contractor, make sure that he has sufficient information and that waste containers are properly labelled. Ideally this component should be mixed with the appropriate resin base and allowed to react fully producing a solid non hazardous waste.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	2735
UN No. (IMDG)	2735
UN No. (ICAO)	2735
14.2. UN proper shipping nam	e
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	Amines, Liquid, Corrosive NOS*(polyamines, contains isophoronediamine)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	Amines, Liquid, Corrosive NOS*(polyamines, contains isophoronediamine)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Amines, Liquid, Corrosive NOS*(polyamines, contains isophoronediamine)

Proper shipping name (ADN) Amines, Liquid, Corrosive NOS*(polyamines, contains isophoronediamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID class	8	
ADR/RID subsidiary risk	Amines, Liquid, Corrosive NOS*(polyamines, contains isophoronediamine)	
IMDG class	8	
ICAO subsidiary risk	Amines, Liquid, Corrosive NOS*(polyamines, contains isophoronediamine)	
Transport labels		
B		
14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	III	
IMDG packing group	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
14.6. Special precautions for u	Jser	
Tunnel restriction code	(E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).	
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments

Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010

Issued by	Technical Dept. (P.E.)
Revision date	04/12/2012
Revision	3
Supersedes date	11/11/2010
SDS number	10835
SDS status	Approved.
Signature	Initials
Risk phrases in full	Not classified. R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed. R34 Causes burns. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Hazard statements in full	 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.