

SAFETY DATA SHEET 300/V601 - YACHT AND SEAPLANE VARNISH (2010 compliant)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	300/V601 - YACHT AND SEAPLANE VARNISH (2010 compliant)	
Product number	300/V601/27	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet	
Supplier		
	COO-VAR	
	Lockwood Street	
	Hull	
	HU2 OHN	
	+44 (0) 1482 328053(T)	
	+44 (0) 1482 219266(F)	
	info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above	
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 328053 (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)	
SDS No.	10609	
SDS No. SECTION 2: Hazards identific		
	ation	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation ance or mixture	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst	ation ance or mixture	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008)	ation ance or mixture	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards	ation ance or mixture Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards	ation ance or mixture Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Elicitation - EUH208 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards	ation ance or mixture Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Elicitation - EUH208 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) 2.2. Label elements	ation ance or mixture Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Elicitation - EUH208 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	ation ance or mixture Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Elicitation - EUH208 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	

Hazard statements	EUH208 Contains 2-HYDROXY-4-N-OCTOXYBENZOPHENONE, Cobalt containing polymer. May produce an allergic reaction. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P391 Collect spillage. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-446-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119458049-33-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		ion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) ;R51/53. R10,R66,R67.
LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT		5-10%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX
Classification	Classificati	ion (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. R	10,R66,R67.
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		

		REACH registration number: 01- 2119557833-30-0000 /548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	<1
EC number: 217-421	Classification (67/	2119557833-30-0000	<1
	Classification (67/	2119557833-30-0000	
		548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
			<1
EC number: 203-489	9-0		
	-	548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
C ACID			<1
	3-1	REACH registration number: 01- 2119979088-21-0002	
	-	548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
			<1
EC number: 215-535	5-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-xxxx	
	Classification (67/	548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
	Xn;R20/21,R65. X	(i;R36/37/38. R10.	
	C ACID EC number: 245-018 EC number: 215-535	Xi;R36/38 C ACID EC number: 245-018-1 Classification (67/ Repr. Cat. 3;R63. EC number: 215-535-7 Classification (67/	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R36/38 C ACID EC number: 245-018-1 REACH registration number: 01- 2119979088-21-0002 Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Repr. Cat. 3;R63. EC number: 215-535-7 REACH registration number: 01-

Low Aromatic White Spirit			<19
CAS number: 64742-48-9	EC number: 265-150-3	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457273-39	
Classification	Classificati	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. R ²	10,R66.	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE			<19
CAS number: 85-44-9	EC number: 201-607-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457017-41-0000	
Classification	Classificati	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	Xn;R22 R4	2/43 Xi;R37/38,R41	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Resp. Sens. 1 - H334			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
STOT SE 3 - H335			
ZIRCONIUM PROPIONATE			<19
CAS number: 84057-80-7	EC number: 281-897-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119978305-30-0000	
Classification Not Classified	Classificati -	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol			<19
CAS number: 128-37-0	EC number: 204-881-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119565113-46-xxxx	
M factor (Acute) = 1			
Classification	Classificati	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	N;R50/53.		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	,		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
4.3. Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measured	ures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Toxic gases or vapours. FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
6.3. Methods and material for c	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
6.4. Reference to other section	s
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8.
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	age

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight
	of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m³

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

ZIRCONIUM SALT, 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³

XYLENE, MIXED ISOMERS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³

Low Aromatic White Spirit

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 mg/m³

PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m3(Sen) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 12 mg/m3(Sen)

ZIRCONIUM PROPIONATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Hydroca	rbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 71 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 570 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 330 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg/day
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
	LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT
DNEL	Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m ³
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
Reaction mass of Dieth	nylene glycol dibenzoate, Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate and Trithethylene glycol dibenzoate
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 160 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 35.08 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1.7 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 5.8 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 8.7 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 80 mg/kg General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.8 mg/kg General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.4 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.8 mg/kg
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.0029 mg/l Marine water; 0.00029 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.029 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.0263 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0263 mg/kg Soil; 1 mg/kg STP; 10 mg/l

7/17

-;

XYLENE, MIXED ISOMERS (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m ³
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l Marine water; 0.327 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.327 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg Soil; 2.31 mg/kg STP; 6.58 mg/kg
	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (CAS: 128-37-0)
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; :0.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; :3.5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.000199 mg/l - Sediment; 0.0996 mg/l - Soil; 0.04769 mg/l - Marine water; 0.0000199 mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.
Respiratory protection SECTION 9: Physical and Ch	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Viscous liquid. Clear, yellowish liquid.

Colour	Straw.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Flash point	38 approx.°C CC (Closed cup).
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8
Vapour density	heavier than air
Relative density	0.92 @ @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water
Viscosity	2.5 (Rotothinner) P @ 25°C
9.2. Other information	
Volatility	51
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 395 g/litre.
SECTION 10: Stability and read	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects
Inhalation	Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.

IngestionLiquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.Skin contactProduct has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or
cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

severe irritation.

Acute and chronic health hazards	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.
Route of entry	Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.

Toxicological information

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	15,000.0	
Species	Rat	
Notes (oral LD₅∞)	Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	3,400.0	
Species	Rabbit	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Erythema/eschar score: Very slight erythema - barely perceptible (1). Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). Not irritating.	
Extreme pH	Not irritating. Not corrosive to skin.	
Serious eye damage/irritati	on	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	There is evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	One-generation study - NOAEL >3000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: >300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Read-across data. This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness, narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicit	ty - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 1056 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.	
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Ingestion	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.	
Skin contact	May cause defatting of the skin, but is not an irritant. Not a skin sensitiser.	
Eye contact	No specific health hazards known.	
Route of entry	Skin and/or eye contact. Inhalation	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0	
Species	Rat	

Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0	
Species	Rabbit	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,100.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	5,100.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,100.0	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		

	Serious eye damage/irritation		Not irritating.
	Respiratory sensi	tisation	
	Respiratory sensi	tisation	Not sensitising.
	Skin sensitisation	 •	
	Skin sensitisation		Not sensitising.
	Germ cell mutage	enicity	
	Genotoxicity - in v	/itro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
	Carcinogenicity		
	Carcinogenicity		Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Reproductive toxi	city	
	Reproductive toxi fertility	city -	Fertility: - , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
	Reproductive toxi development	city -	Developmental toxicity: - : , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
	Specific target or	gan toxici	ty - repeated exposure
	STOT - repeated	exposure	Not available.
	Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard		
			Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
	Inhalation		Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
	Ingestion		Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
	Skin contact		Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.
	Eye contact		No specific health hazards known.
	Route of entry		Inhalation Dermal
SECTION 1	2: Ecological Inform	nation	
Ecotoxicity		-	duct contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause n adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
		Hydroc	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
	Ecotoxicity		Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.
12.1. Toxici	ty		
		Hydroc	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
	Toxicity		Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses Toxic to aquatic organisms
	Acute toxicity - fis	h	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 - 30 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10 - 22 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: 4.6 - 10 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 43.98 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 28 days: 0.13 mg/l, Freshwater fish
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, < 21 days: 0.28 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT
A suite tourisite. Fish	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish
Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	
Acute toxicity - aquatic	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC ₅₀ , > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - microorganisms	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC ₅₀ , > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Scientifically unjustified.
Stability (hydrolysis)	Scientifically unjustified.
Biodegradation	- Degradation 75: 28 days
	LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT
Persistence and	The product is readily hisdogradeble
degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
degradability Phototransformation	Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.				
	Hydroc	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		
	Bioaccumulative potential	Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for this complex substance.		
	Partition coefficient	Technically not feasible.		
		LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT		
	Bioaccumulative potential	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.		
	Partition coefficient	log Pow: 5 - 6.7		
12.4. Mobil	ity in soil			
Mobility	The pro surface:	duct contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all s.		
	Hydroc	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Scientifically unjustified.		
	Henry's law constant	Volatilisation is dependent on Henry's Law constant (HLC) which is not applicable to complex substances.		
	Surface tension	24 - 27 mN/m @ 25°C		
		LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT		
	Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.		
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Not available.		
	Surface tension	24.5 mN/m @ 20°C		
12.5. Resu	ts of PBT and vPvB assessr	nent		
	Hydroc	arbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.		
	LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT			
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.		
12.6. Other adverse effects				
Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.				
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)			

ICAO class/division

3

300/V601 - YACHT AND SEAPLANE VARNISH (2010 compliant)

Other adverse effects	This substance may contribute to ozone formation in the near surface atmos		
	However, the photochemical formation of ozone depends on a complex interaction		
	of other atmospheric pollutant sources and environmental conditions. Therefore,		
	the contribution of this substance to ozone formation is outside the scope of this		
	substance assessment and is more appropriately addressed via EU air quality		
	directives.		

LOW AROMATIC WHITE SPIRIT

Other adverse ef	fects Not known.		
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
General information	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.		
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.		
Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).		
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation		
General	This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.		
14.1. UN number			
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263		
UN No. (IMDG)	1263		
UN No. (ICAO)	1263		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT		
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT		
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT		
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT		
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	es)		
ADR/RID class	1263		
IMDG class	3		

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



EmS F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).	
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 Substitution of neodecanoate acid, cobalt salt with cobalt polymer complex.	
Issued by	Technical Dept. (P.E.)	

Revision date	31/03/2015
Revision	9
Supersedes date	12/06/2014
SDS number	10609
SDS status	Approved.
Signature	Initials
Risk phrases in full	 Not classified. R10 Flammable. R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Hazard statements in full	EUH208 Contains 2-HYDROXY-4-N-OCTOXYBENZOPHENONE, Cobalt containing polymer. May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.